

## Chapter 8 Section 3 – How did the 13 colonies win independence?

How did the war end?

A). Battle of Saratoga marked the turning point of the American Revolution because France signed a military alliance with the colonists. This is the main reason for victory for the Patriots.

B). Battle of Yorktown 1781 – Final and decisive battle of the war because of the surrender of General Cornwallis to General Washington

C). Treaty of Paris 1783 – Great Britain officially recognized the independence of the 13 United States of America

The new western boundary of the US was the Mississippi River

The northern and southern boundaries were Florida in the south and the Great Lakes in the North

Lands taken from the loyalists during the war had to be returned

A). The war in the middle states.

- 1). Victories at Trenton and Princeton
- 2). Patriots victory at Saratoga 1778
- 3). Winter at Valley Forge (1777-78)
- 4). Battle of Monmouth, New Jersey

B). War on the Frontier and the Sea.

- 1). General George Rogers Clark led Patriots to victory in the west
- 2). American privateers capture British ships
- 3). Patriots build a navy

C). American victory.

- 1). General Nathaniel Greene leads Patriots to victory in the South
- 2). Cornwallis surrenders at Yorktown – 1781
- 3). Treaty of Paris 1783